

## Contents

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## estimateMonthlyVAR.m

```
3: close all;  
4: clear all;
```

### Loading data from data folder.

```
7: D = load('data\Vintage2008M01_1.mat');
```

### Creating database containing monthly data for VAR.

```
10: d = struct();  
11: d.GROWTH_1_ = D.GDPH*400;  
12: d.PIE_1_ = D.PCU*400;  
13: d.RS_1_ = D.FFED;  
14: d.UNR_1_ = D.LR;  
15: d.BLT_1_ = 1/4*(D.FTCRE + D.FTCIL + D.FTCIS + D.FTCNMH);  
16: d.IP = D.IP;
```

### Prepare VAR.

```
20: % List of variables.  
21: list = fieldnames(d);  
22: ny = length(list);  
23: % VAR order.  
24: p = 4;
```

### Construct dummy observations for BVAR.

```

28: % Estimate std devs of VAR variables.
29: x = db2tseries(d,list);
30:
31:
32: range = get(x,'nanstart') : get(x,'nanend');
33: nper = length(range);
34: stdevs = std(x(range));
35: % Create Litterman's priors.
36: % The BVAR.litterman(rho,mu,lambda,ny,p) has the following input arguments:
37: % * rho = 0 is a white noise prior, rho = 1 is a random walk prior,
38: % * mu is the weight on the prior (can be a vector of numbers in which case
39: % each variable gets different weight).
40: % * lambda between 0 and Inf: priors on the k-th lag coefficients get
41: % k^lambda times bigger weights. If lambda = 0, all lags are treated
42: % equally. The higher the lambda, the more the coefficients are pulled
43: % towards the prior (zero in this case).
44: dum1 = BVAR.litterman(1,1*stdevs,1,ny,p);
45:
46:
47:
48:
49: % Estimate a p-th order VAR and a p-th order BVAR.
50: w1 = VAR();
51: w2 = VAR();
52:
53:
54: [w1,data1] = estimate(w1,d,list,range,'order',p);
55: [w2,data2] = estimate(w2,d,list,range,'order',p,'bvar',dum1);
56:
57: fcastrange = range(end) + (1:36);
58: % Unconditional forecasts (balanced panel).
59: uf1 = forecast(w1,d,fcastrange,[]);
60: uf1 = dbextend(d,uf1.mean);
61: uf2 = forecast(w2,d,fcastrange,[]);
62: uf2 = dbextend(d,uf2.mean);
63: % Conditional forecasts (unbalanced panel).
64: cf1 = forecast(w1,d,fcastrange,d);
65: cf1 = dbextend(d,cf1.mean);
66: cf2 = forecast(w2,d,fcastrange,d);
67: cf2 = dbextend(d,cf2.mean);
68:
69: plotrange = range(end) + (-24:36);
70: figure();
71: nextplot([3,2]);
72: for i = 1 : ny
73:     nextplot();
74:     name = list{i};
75:     h = plot(plotrange,[cf1.(name),cf2.(name),d.(name){fcastrange}]);
76:     set(h(3),'lineStyle','none','marker','s','markerFaceColor','none','markerEdgeColor','black');
77:     set(h(1:2),'marker','.');

```

```
78:     grid('on');
79:     highlight(range(end)+(-24:0));
80:     title(list{i},'interpreter','none');
81:     set(gcf,'Position',get(0,'ScreenSize'));
82: end
83: legend('Conditional VAR forecast','Conditional BVAR forecast','Tunes');
```



